INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN GOODS

Since its creation, the OECD has sought to promote international trade, considering it an effective way of enhancing economic growth and raising living standards. Member countries benefit from increased trade as do OECD's trade partners in the rest of the world.

Definition

According to United Nations guidelines, international merchandise trade statistics record all goods which add to, or subtract from, the stock of material resources of a country by entering (as imports) or leaving (as exports) its economic territory. Goods being transported through a country or temporarily admitted or withdrawn (except for goods for inward or outward processing) are not included in merchandise trade statistics.

Comparability

All OECD countries use the United Nations guidelines so far as their data sources allow. There are some, generally minor, differences across countries in the coverage of certain types of transactions such as postal trade, imports and exports of military equipment under defence agreements, sea products traded by domestic vessels on

Overview

For all countries shown in the table, merchandise trade has grown steadily during the period under consideration. However between 2008 and 2009, the impact of the global financial crisis on merchandise trade is manifest. The impact of the crisis on imports was in relative terms more moderate for China, Switzerland, India and Australia as imports fell by less than 15%. It was more severe for the Russian Federation and Iceland as imports of these countries contracted by more than 35%. Exports were also affected by the crisis between 2008 and 2009 as they collapsed for instance by more than 35% in Finland and the Russian Federation but fell by less than 15% in India, Ireland, Korea, Switzerland and Indonesia.

The deficit of the merchandise trade balance has grown in several OECD countries over the period presented in the table. It was, for instance, the case for the United States, France, the United Kingdom and Turkey. However, China and the Russian Federation have continued running a merchandise trade surplus.

Of note, is the sharp deterioration in the Japanese merchandise trade balance in 2011, which moved to its first annual deficit in 30 years, most likely due to the aftermath of the earthquake and tsunami.

the high seas and goods entering or leaving bonded customs areas.

Exports are usually valued free on board (f.o.b.), with the exception of the United States which values exports free alongside ship (f.a.s.), which is lower than f.o.b. by the cost of loading the goods on board. Imports are valued by most countries at cost, insurance and freight (c.i.f.) i.e. the cost of the goods plus the costs of insurance and freight to bring the goods to the borders of the importing country. Canada, however, reports imports at f.o.b. values.

The introduction by the European Union of the single market in 1993 resulted in some loss of accuracy for intra-EU trade because custom documents were no longer available to record all imports and exports. Note that while the OECD data mostly follow the UN recommendations, trade statistics reported by Eurostat follow Community definitions, and are not strictly comparable with those reported here.

The OECD aggregate includes all 34 member economies only from 1999.

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Further information

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN GOODS

International trade in goods

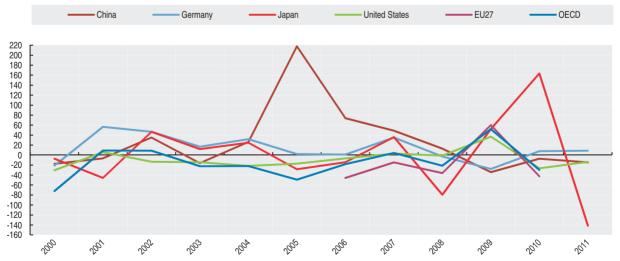
Billion US dollars

	Trade balance				Imports				Exports			
_	2000	2005	2010	2011	2000	2005	2010	2011	2000	2005	2010	2011
Australia	-4.0	-12.8	18.6	11.3	67.8	118.9	193.3	234.3	63.8	106.0	211.8	245.6
Austria	-5.2	-2.2	-5.7		67.4	120.0	150.6		62.3	117.7	144.9	
Belgium	13.5	13.8	21.0	12.7	171.7	320.2	390.1	465.2	185.2	334.0	411.1	477.9
Canada	37.6	46.1	-5.5	-0.2	240.0	314.4	392.1	450.4	277.6	360.6	386.6	450.1
Chile	1.6	10.4	13.1	6.5	16.6	29.5	56.2	74.9	18.2	39.9	69.4	81.4
Czech Republic	-3.2	1.7	6.5	11.6	32.2	76.5	125.7	150.5	29.1	78.2	132.1	162.1
Denmark	5.2	8.3	12.3	13.0	44.4	75.0	84.5	88.5	49.6	83.3	96.8	101.5
Estonia	-1.2	-2.8	-0.4	-0.6	5.1	11.0	13.2	18.8	3.8	8.2	12.8	18.2
Finland	11.7	6.8	1.4	-5.1	34.1	58.5	68.8	83.9	45.8	65.2	70.1	78.8
France	-8.5	-41.6	-87.5	-119.3	304.0	476.0	599.2	700.9	295.6	434.4	511.7	581.5
Germany	54.8	197.3	204.3	221.9	495.4	779.8	1 066.8	1 260.3	550.2	977.1	1 271.1	1 482.2
Greece	-18.8	-37.4	-41.8	-29.1	29.8	54.9	63.3	60.8	11.0	17.5	21.6	31.7
Hungary	-4.0	-3.6	7.3	9.5	32.1	65.9	87.4	101.5	28.1	62.3	94.7	111.1
Iceland	-0.7	-1.9	0.7	0.5	2.6	5.0	3.9	4.8	1.9	3.1	4.6	5.3
Ireland	25.6	39.7	57.8	62.3	50.7	70.3	60.5	67.1	76.3	110.0	118.3	129.3
Israel	-4.3	-2.3	-0.8	-5.7	35.7	45.0	59.2	73.5	31.4	42.8	58.4	67.8
Italy	1.9	-11.9	-39.9	-34.3	238.1	384.8	486.6	557.5	239.9	373.0	446.8	523.2
Japan	99.6	79.1	75.7	-31.3	379.7	515.9	694.1	854.6	479.2	594.9	769.8	823.3
Korea	11.8	23.2	41.2	30.8	160.5	261.2	425.2	524.4	172.3	284.4	466.4	555.2
Luxembourg	-2.8	-4.9	-6.5	-8.9	10.6	17.6	20.4	25.3	7.9	12.7	13.9	16.3
Mexico	-5.8	-7.6	-3.2	-1.3	171.1	221.8	301.5	350.8	165.3	214.2	298.3	349.6
Netherlands	5.4	36.9	52.7		174.7	283.2	440.0		180.1	320.1	492.6	
New Zealand	-0.6	-4.5	0.8	1.5	13.9	26.2	30.2	36.1	13.3	21.7	30.9	37.6
Norway	25.5	48.3	54.1	68.5	34.4	55.5	77.3	90.8	59.9	103.8	131.4	159.4
Poland	-17.2	-12.2	-17.1	-19.7	48.8	101.5	174.1	203.0	31.6	89.4	157.1	183.3
Portugal	-15.6	-23.1	-26.5	-21.4	39.9	61.2	75.2	80.3	24.4	38.1	48.8	58.9
Slovak Republic	-0.9	-2.4	-0.4	1.8	12.7	34.2	64.4	76.7	11.8	31.9	64.0	78.5
Slovenia	-1.4	-1.7	-2.2	-2.3	10.1	19.6	26.4	30.8	8.7	17.9	24.2	28.5
Spain	-39.5	-96.8	-70.6		152.9	289.6	318.2		113.3	192.8	247.6	
Sweden	14.2	18.9	9.7	11.2	73.1	111.4	148.4	176.0	87.4	130.3	158.1	187.2
Switzerland	-2.0	4.4	19.3	27.2	82.5	126.6	176.3	207.3	80.5	130.9	195.6	234.4
Turkey	-26.7	-43.3	-71.6	-105.9	54.5	116.8	185.5	240.8	27.8	73.5	114.0	134.9
United Kingdom	-56.6	-131.4	-156.6	-162.3	339.4	515.8	562.4	634.4	282.9	384.4	405.8	472.1
United States	-477.7	-828.0	-689.4	-782.9	1 258.1	1 732.3	1 966.5	2 262.6	780.3	904.3	1 277.1	1 479.7
EU 27		-157.8	-204.7			1 465.1	1 990.5			1 307.3	1 785.8	
0ECD	-398.0	-737.1	-629.1		4 861.6	7 493.9	9 587.4		4 463.6	6 756.8	8 958.3	
Brazil	-0.7	44.9	16.9	29.8	55.9	73.6	180.5	226.2	55.1	118.5	197.4	256.0
China	24.1	102.0	181.8	155.0	225.1	660.0	1 396.0	1 743.4	249.2	762.0	1 577.8	1 898.4
India	-10.6	-40.5	-129.6		52.9	140.9	350.0		42.4	100.4	220.4	
Indonesia	28.6	28.0	22.1	26.1	33.5	57.7	135.7	177.4	62.1	85.7	157.8	203.5
Russian Federation	69.2	142.7	151.4	193.3	33.9	98.7	248.7	284.7	103.1	241.5	400.1	478.0
South Africa	-0.5	-8.0	-8.7	-6.8	26.8	55.0	80.1	99.7	26.3	47.0	71.5	93.0

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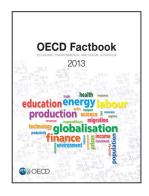
Evolution of the merchandise trade balance

Annual growth rate in percentage



StatLink as http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888932707287

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